

webserver@yucca-web.ymp.gov on 11/30/2007 06:52:11 PM

10: EIS_Comments@ymp.gov	
cc: Subject: EIS Comment	User Filed as: Not Categorized in ERMS
November 30, 2007 18:52:11	
IP address: 72.193.54.122	
The Commentors Name:> Ms. SUSAN SLACK	
The Commentors Address:> 548 VAN DORNUM AVENUE> HENDERSON, Nevada 89011	
Email Information:> susanslack@hotmail.com> Add commentor to the mailing list : yes	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Contact Information:> fax number :> phone number :> organization :> position :	
Comment Text: > The best solution to our nuclear waste problem it right now and to containerize it as safely as pospossible to its generation site.	
The EISs leave many concerns unaddressed:	
- The lack of emergency planning along the	transportation routes.]
- Terrorist threat.	
Yucca Mountain being an unsuitable geolog repository is an engineered barrier instead of a geoby law. Example: the drip shields to keep water from material.	ologic barrier as required
- Design standards. Incredibly, the Environment (EPA) has no design standards for the Department of	
Seismic activity	
- Changes to the hydrology because of pump: carbonate aquifer	ing from the regional deep

8	- Changes to the hydrology because of global warming.
9	- Health impacts short of latent cancer deaths. The EISs estimate the number of people who die but there is no data about the number of people who are sick.
10	- The TAD canisters. These newly proposed containers are unbuilt and untested.
11	Effects of GNEP. Under the international treaty called the Global National Energy Partnership, the United States would accept high level nuclear waste for storage from partner countries. There are raw numbers to show increased toxic waste flowing to Yucca Mountain if GNEPis adopted, but there are no estimates of increased levels of impacts or the mitigation required because of those increases. Thank you for taking all of this into consideration.